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Promoting the application of ICT tools by means of an innovative participatory approach for water resource management

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Water resource management and planning

Although a lot of science is produced on Water Resource Management (WRM), especially in the ICT sector, **WRM is still today poorly addressed via scientific means**

REASONS

- underrated importance is given at political and decision-maker level
- low-capacity of the research environment to transfer the results to the real world
- missing capacities in using advanced digital tools at agencies and governing authorities



Why stakeholders participation?

- > ICT are complex tools, as high level of knowledge and computing skills are often required
- Often treated as "tricky games"
- Barriers to:
 - the uptake of existing and state-of—the-art technologies for water management
 - full data exploitation which at present often end up in...
 - ... data on paper or excel spreadsheet ...
 - ... so diminishing data values
- > They have to be understood also by a non-technical audience
- Open ICT can then be a tool for shared WRM



The H2020 FREEWAT project

FREEWAT (FREE and open source software tools for WATer resource management) is an ICT project for improving Water Resource Management (WRM)

MAIN RESULT

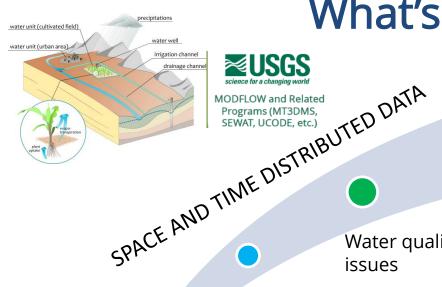
Open source and public domain, GIS-integrated modelling platform for promoting WRM by simplifying and strengthening the application of WFD, GWD and other water related Directives

FREEWAT main impact →

help producing scientifically and technically sounding decision and policy making based on:

- data and innovative data analysis tools and
- including participatory approach





What's FREEWAT

≥USGS

Surface and

Groundwater



Water quality

simulation and analysis tools Flow Simulation

Rural water management module

Calibration

Sensitivity **Analysis**

Parameter estimation



puthon



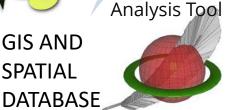
UPSCALING from

cell results

WATER MANAGEMENT AND PLANNING MODULE



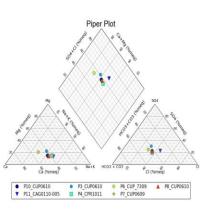
GIS AND SPATIAL



Observation

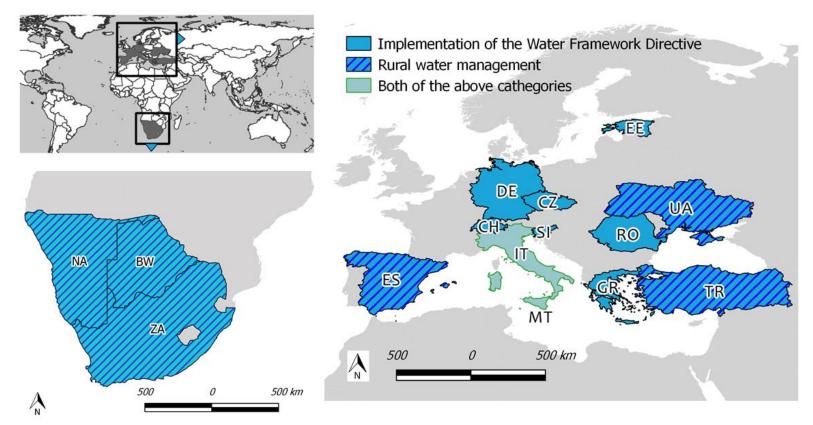
FREEWAT v.1.0.2 Free download at www.freewat.eu







FREEWAT case studies within a participatory approach/1





Running Focus Groups on ICT in water management

Type of stakeholder	Name of stakeholder
Local /governemnt	Regione Toscana
River Basin authority	Autorità di Bacino del Fiume Serchio
River Basin authority	Autorità di Bacino del Fiume Arno
Environmental Protection Agency	Agenzia Regionale di Protezione
	Ambientale Toscana
Land managers	Consorzio di Bonifica Toscana Nord
Municipality	Comune di Vecchiano
Water utility	ASA spa
Water utility	GAIA spa
	Ingegnerie Toscane
	Servizio idrologico Regionale
Natural area/protected area	Parco Naturale Regionale Migliarino San
	Rossore Massaciuccoli
Farmer association	Confagricoltura
Farmer association	CIA
Farmer association	Coldiretti
Industrial association/Commerce	Camera di Commercio di Pisa, Camera di
Chamber	Commercio di Lucca
Environmental protection	WWF
association	
Environmental protection	LIPU
association	
Environmental protection	Legambiente
association	
Research	University of Pisa

November 27-30

Piano di Gestione delle Acque - I Aggiornamento

Schede Indirizzi Vincolanti

Misure vincolanti per le quali è affidata agli enti competenti l'individuazione delle modalità attuative

N. 19

Monitoraggio dei fabbisogni e degli utilizzi irrigui nel bacino del lago di Massaciuccoli

N. 20

Monitoraggio delle coltivazioni nel bacino del lago di Massaciuccoli

N. 25

Individuazione delle modalità operative volte ad incentivare un uso sostenibile della

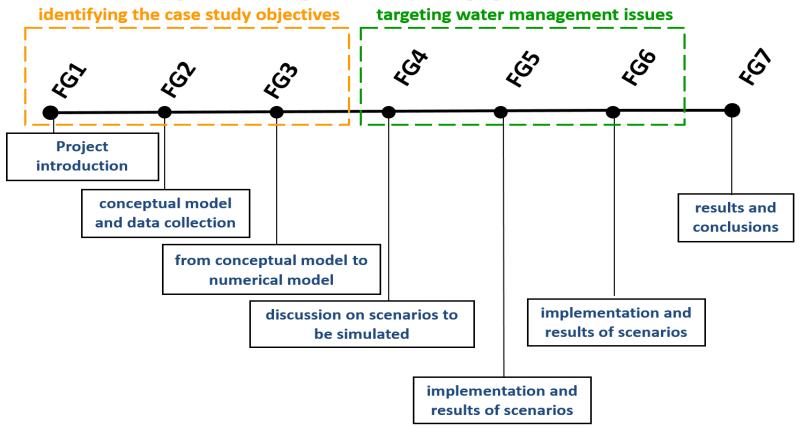
go di Massaciuccoli.





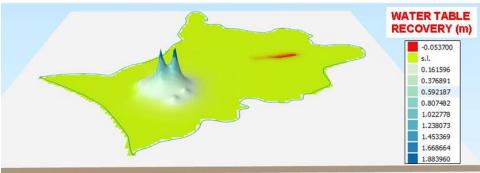


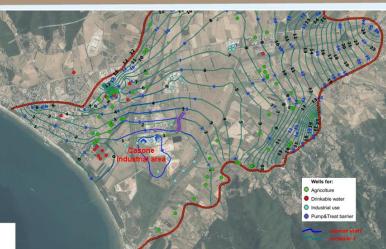
FREEWAT case studies within a participatory approach/2



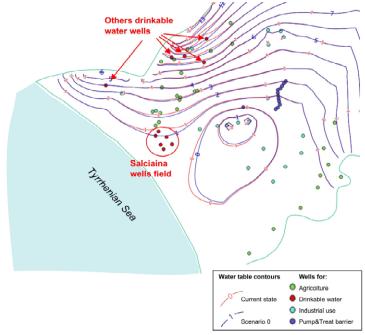


Over-exploitation of the Follonica-Scarlino aquifer (Italy)





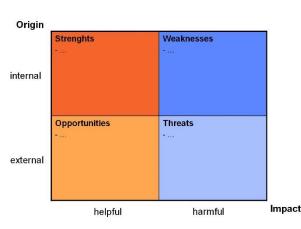
Top — Water table recovery for the second scenario; Bottom - Comparison: current scenario vs re-use of Gavorrano mine drainage water



Comparison: current scenario vs construction of a desalination plant



The role of local stakeholders



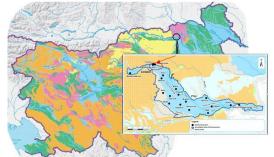




- ➤ The 2nd scenario is a starting point to increase opportunities for productive activities in a very responsible manner for the society and the environment
- > FREEWAT is a useful tool to improve the knowledge of a study area or a problem and to organize and share data
- The participatory approach was useful to grow up the awareness of water resource management and planning



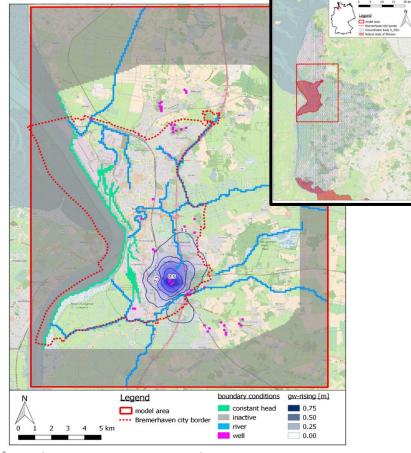
Management of a MAR plant at Vrbansky plato (Slovenia) and impacts of climate change at Bremerhaven (Germany)



Induced Riverbank Filtration plant at Vrbansky plato

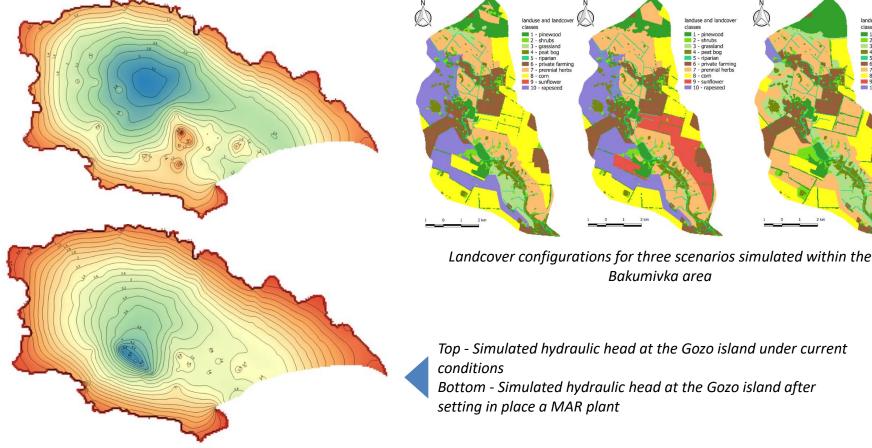


Water level increase after shifting the waterworks of "Bremerhaven Wulsdorf"





Management of the mean sea level aquifer of the Gozo island (Malta) and optimizing water use at the Bakumivka river basin (Ukraine)





Conclusions/1

- Combining technical work and stakeholder involvement in River Basin Management Plan is fundamental for successful WRM
- OPEN and FREE ICT tools may offer relevant opportunities in running these combined activities for this purpose
- Public authorities have the chance to build high informative and dynamically growing SHARED representation of hydrologic systems where performing planning analysis



Conclusions/2

- Demonstration of FREEWAT capabilities to a range of water-related problems to address requirements of EU Directives and National regulations for water resource management
- Positive and successful methodology based on the participatory approach
- Increased understanding in water management issues, creating a common space to generate a shared knowledge on the value of water



